

## WHAT IT MEANS TO OWN COMPARED TO RENT

	Renting	Homeownership
BENEFITS	Defer most repair, maintenance, and yard work responsibilities and expenses to landlord	<ul> <li>Obtain greater control over decisions related to living environment</li> <li>Settle into one community and school system</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Avoid the hassle of paying bills for utilities (sometimes) and property taxes (always)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Avoid home inspections by landlords or other authorities</li> <li>Adjust home to suit personal preferences</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Maintain greater flexibility to move if circumstances change (e.g., uncertainty about a neighborhood, fluctuations in income, or other reasons)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Qualify for tax benefits, such as deductions for mortgage interest, mortgage insurance premiums, loan discount points and/or origination fees, and state or local property taxes, among other potential benefits</li> <li>Adjust home to suit personal preferences</li> </ul>
RESPONSIBILITIES	Pay rent on time	Make monthly mortgage payments to avoid the risk of default and foreclosure
	<ul> <li>Comply with the rules and guidelines that govern the lease</li> </ul>	Uphold standards and rules set forth by communities or homeowner associations
	<ul> <li>Carry out reasonable care of the property such as changing light bulbs, testing fire alarms, and other tasks as outlined in the rental agreement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Carry out and/or fund home repair projects, maintenance tasks, and yard work</li> </ul>
DRAWBACKS	<ul> <li>Cannot build equity</li> <li>Have limited control over decorating and major changes to home systems</li> </ul>	Bear the risk of property value degradation due to market crashes and other causes
	<ul> <li>Forfeit the opportunity for tax benefits, such as deductions for mortgage interest, mortgage insurance premiums, loan discount points and/or origination fees,</li> </ul>	Limit flexibility of relocation, as selling a home is more complicated than terminating a lease
	and state or local property taxes, among other potential benefits	Accept the liability of accidents on your property
S	Application fee	Down payment     Closing costs
OSTS		<ul><li>Lender fees</li><li>Discount points</li></ul>
C	• Security deposit - returned to the tenant at the end of the	•
NO.	·	Home inspection fees
UP FRONT	• First and last month's rent	<ul><li>Escrow deposit</li><li>Property taxes (for multiple months)</li></ul>
<b>-</b>	Pet deposit for pet owners	<ul> <li>Private mortgage insurance (for multiple months)</li> <li>Attorney's fees</li> </ul>
OSTS	• Rental payment	<ul><li>Mortgage payment</li><li>Maintenance tasks</li></ul>
SING C	Renters insurance	Home repairs     Home system replacements
RECURRING COST	Monthly cable and utilities fees	Property taxes     Homeowners insurance
		Monthly cable and utilies fees

## PROS AND CONS OF OWNING A HOME

Read the following statements about renting vs. owning, and decide if they would be good or bad for you. Put a "+" in the box for what you think is a good thing and a "-" in the box for what you think is bad.

	Rent	Own
MONTHLY COSTOS	Monthly costs may be lower, especially if utilities (gas, water and electricity) are included, but there are no tax advantage.	Monthly payments are generally higher, but interest and property taxes can be deducted when you file federal income taxes if you itemize your deductions.
HOME MAINTENANCE &	Repairs are the responsibility of the landlord. Repairs will be made when the landlord has time.	Repairs are your responsibility. You have to make the repairs yourself or pay someone to make them. Broken things must be fixed or they will cause bigger problems and cost more later.
ΕQUITY	When you make your monthly payment, the money is gone. You cannot build equity.	Your mortgage payment is like a saving account. Over time, you accumulate equity, ownership interest in the property that you may be able to borrow against or convert into cash by selling the home. You could also gain equity if your house increases in value and becomes worth more than you owe. However, there are no guarantees that your house will increase in value. If you sell a house that is worth less than you owe, you must pay the lender the difference.
M & RESPONSIBILITY	You can move when your lease ends.	You cannot move until you sell or rent your home. If you fail to make your mortgage payment, you could lose your home and all the money you put into it and could ruin your credit rating.
EDO	You have limited control over decorating and major changes to the home's structure.	You have greater control over decisions related to the living environment. You can adjust your home to suit personal preferences.
SECURITY	You may not have privacy.	Your home is all yours.
	The landlord may sell the property. You may be evicted. Your rent may be raised.	With a fixed-rate mortgage, your principal and interest payments remain the same.
TIFY	Total + for renting:	Total + for owning:
QUANTIFY	Total - for renting:	Total - for owning: